



Test Driven Development

A short recap of what we learned



Benefits of TDD?

- Design emerges
- Test as documentation
- Faster debugging
- Courage through safety net

3 Basic Steps of TDD



- 1. Write a failing Test
- 2. Write just enough code to pass that failing test
- 3. Refactor your test

TDD Habits

F.I.R.S.T.

- Fast
 - Run Tests often -> they have to run fast
- Isolate
 - Tests work in any order
- Repeatable
 - Test always have the same result (no flaky tests)
- Self validating
 - No Human interpretation necessary -> green or red!
- Timely
 - Write at the right time -> before the code you want to test

Also:

Test should only check ONE single behaviour with only ONE logical assertion per test

How to approach TDD?

Baby steps

- Fake implementation
- Obvious implementation
- Triangulate with more tests

Behaviour not implementation

- We don't care about the details -> details may change

Also:

- Commit often
- Let IDE take over refactoring

Evolve Code with TPP

Transformation Priority Premise -> What is the obvious implementation?

Providing Guidelines for Obvious (most simple) Implementation

- Start simple
- transform code to more complex code if needed

#	TRANSFORMATION	STARTING CODE	FINAL CODE
1	{} => nil		return nil
2	nil => constant	return nil	return "1"
3	constant => constant+	return "1"	return "1" + "2"
4	constant => scalar	return "1" + "2"	return argument
5	statement => statements	return argument	return arguments
6	unconditional => conditional	return arguments	if(condition)return arguments
7	scalar => array	dog	[dog, cat]
8	array => container	[dog, cat]	{dog = "DOG", cat = "CAT"}
9	statement => recursion	a + b	a + recursion
10	conditional => loop	if (condition)	while (condition)
11	recursion => tail recursion	a + recursion	recursion
12	expression => function	today - birthday	CalculateAge()
13	variable => mutation	day	var day = 10; day = 11;
14	switch case		

Object Calisthenics

kalos and sthenos -> Beauty and Strength

Build "strong and beautiful" Code -> Make your code easier to understand and maintain

- → Only one level of indentation per method
- → Don't use the ELSE keyword
- → Wrap all primitives and strings
- → First class collections (wrap all collections)
- → Only one dot per line dog.Body.Tail.Wag() => dog.ExpressHappiness()
- → No abbreviations
- → Keep all entities small
 - [10 files per package, 50 lines per class, 5 lines per method, 2 arguments per method]
- → No classes with more than two instance variables
- → No public getters/setters/properties

Personal Conclusion

New approaches for me -> Mob and TDD

- In theory, tried out, but never with a "correct" approach

Big improvements in Mob

See the value of TDD more clearly thanks to 3 Step Rule and applying it myself

- Thinking Changed: Writing a Test first is not slower -> helps us do the right thing, in the right way
- Helpful Guidelines



Thank You!