

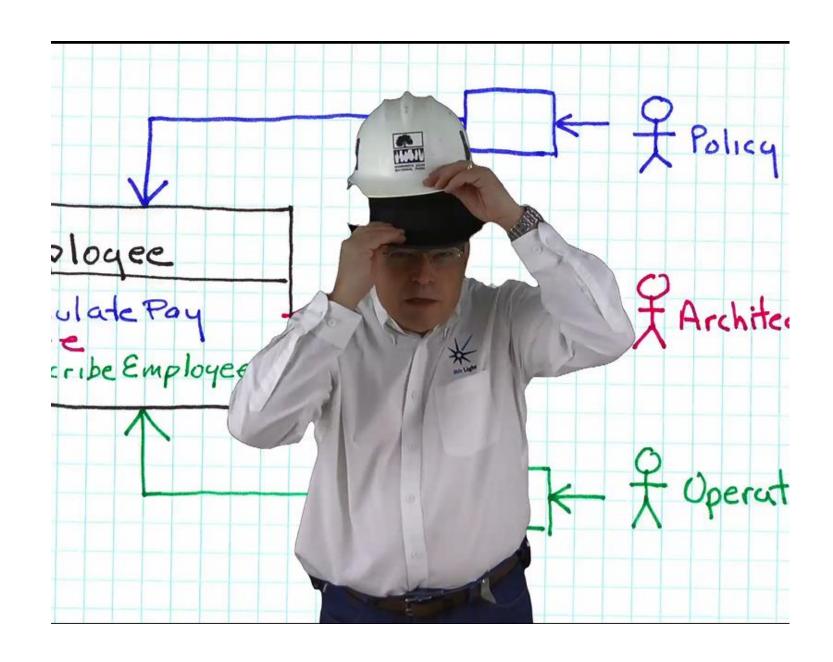
# Robert "Uncle Bob" Martin

Design Principles and Design Patterns



## Single Responsibility Principle

A class must have only one reason to change and only one responsibility.



# The Open Closed Principle

A module should be open for extension but closed for modification.

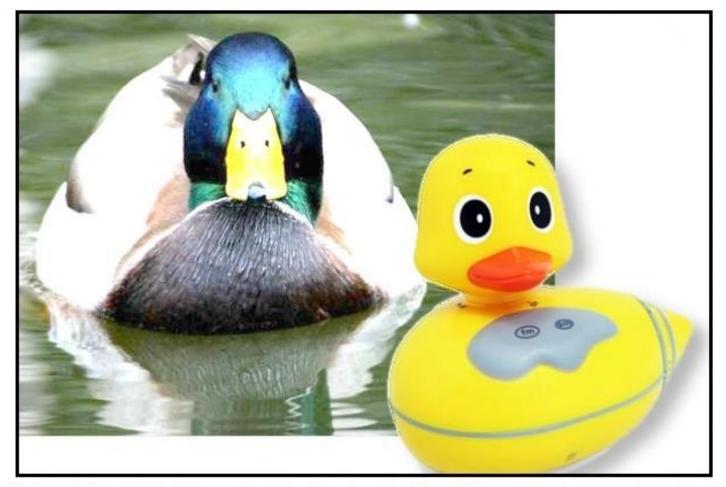


## **Open-Closed Principle**

Open-chest surgery isn't needed when putting on a coat.

# Liskov Substitution Principle

Subclasses should be substitutable for their base classes.



### LISKOV SUBSTITUTION PRINCIPLE

If It Looks Like A Duck, Quacks Like A Duck, But Needs Batteries - You Probably Have The Wrong Abstraction

# Interface Segregation Principle

Many client specific interfaces are better than one general purpose interface.



## Interface Segregation Principle

If IRequireFood, I want to Eat(Food food) not, LightCandelabra() or LayoutCutlery(CutleryLayout preferredLayout)

## Dependency Inversion Principle

Depend upon Abstractions. Do not depend upon concretions.



#### DEPENDENCY INVERSION PRINCIPLE

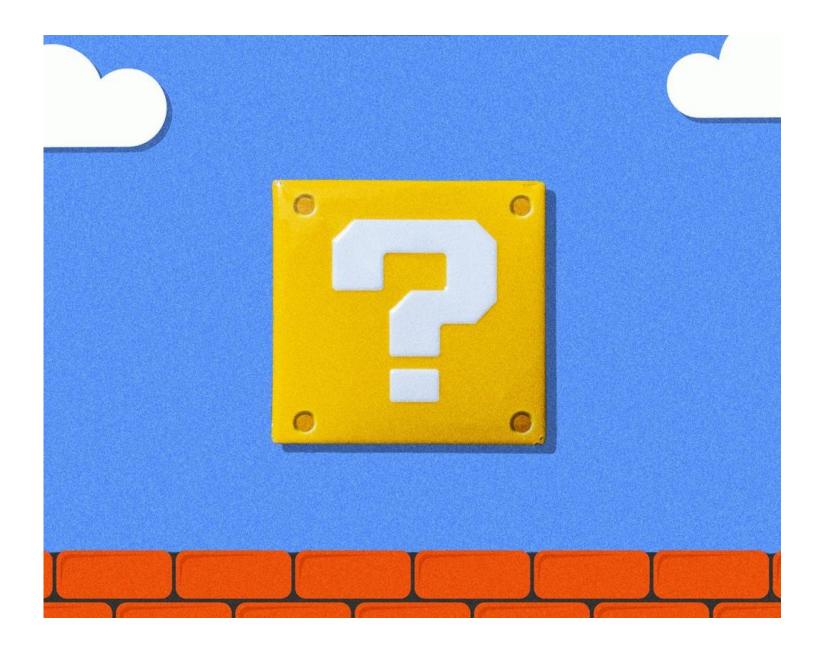
Would You Solder A Lamp Directly To The Electrical Wiring In A Wall?

# Why?

Simple, keep your code maintainable!



Any Questions?



### Thank You

#### References

- Design Principles and Design Patterns Robert C. Martin
- <u>Data Abstraction and Hierarchy</u> Barbara Liskov