



Ente Ospedaliero Cantonale

Spring DDD Cargo Tracker

Flying

23 novembre 2022

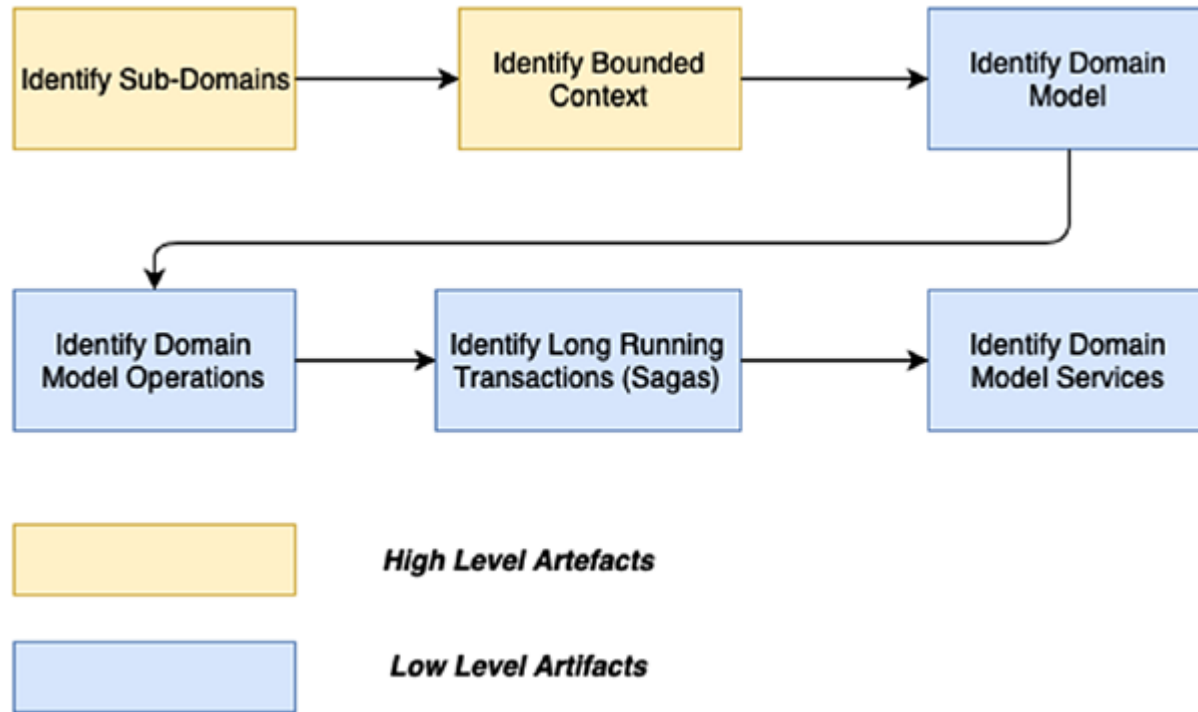
Patrick Ceppi



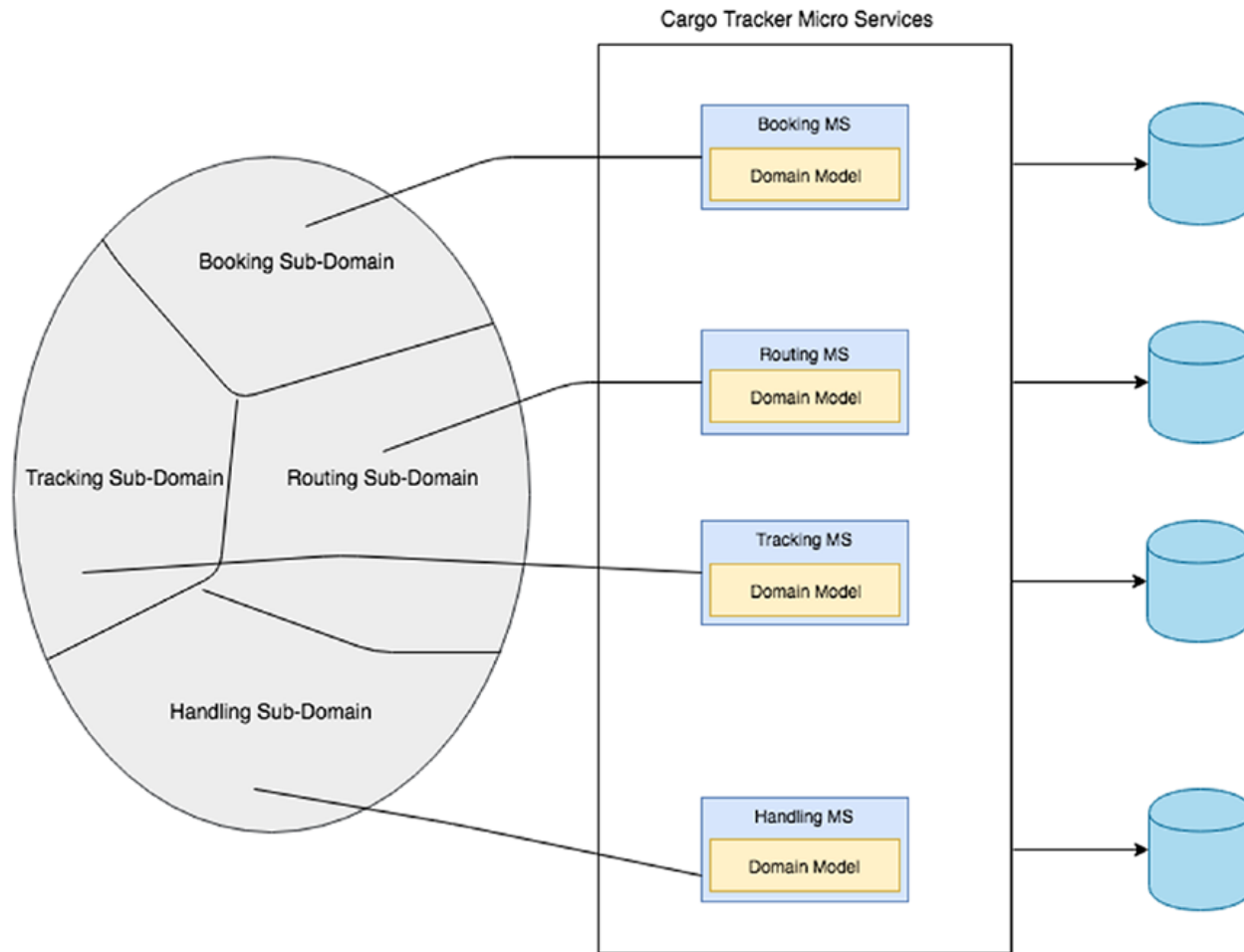
DDD Cargo tracker



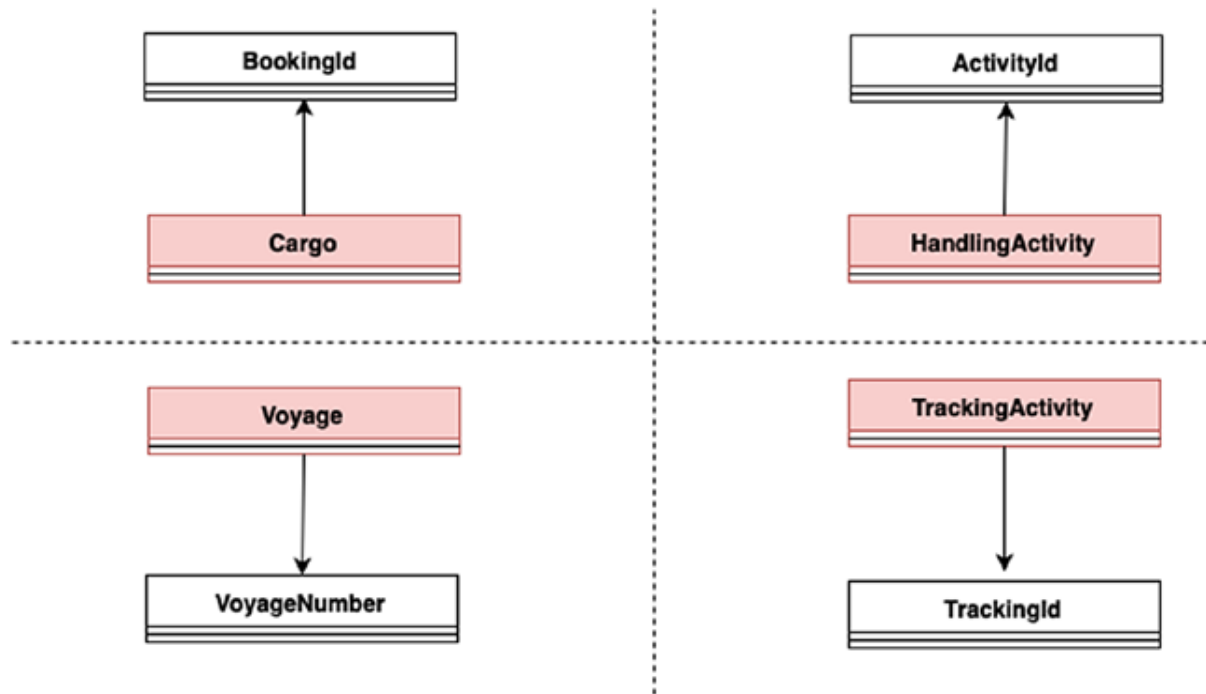
DDD Cargo tracker



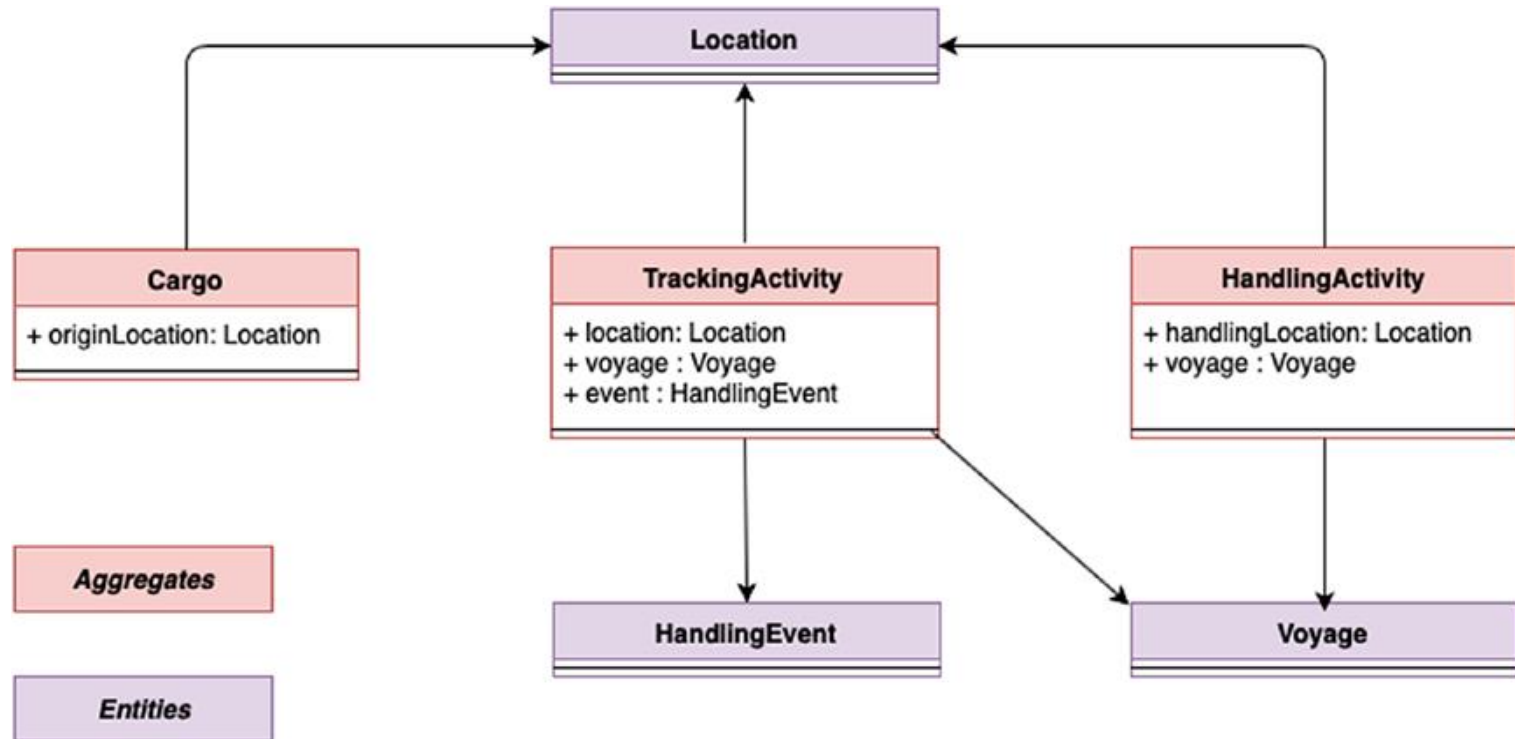
Sub-domains/Bounded contexts



Aggregates and identifier

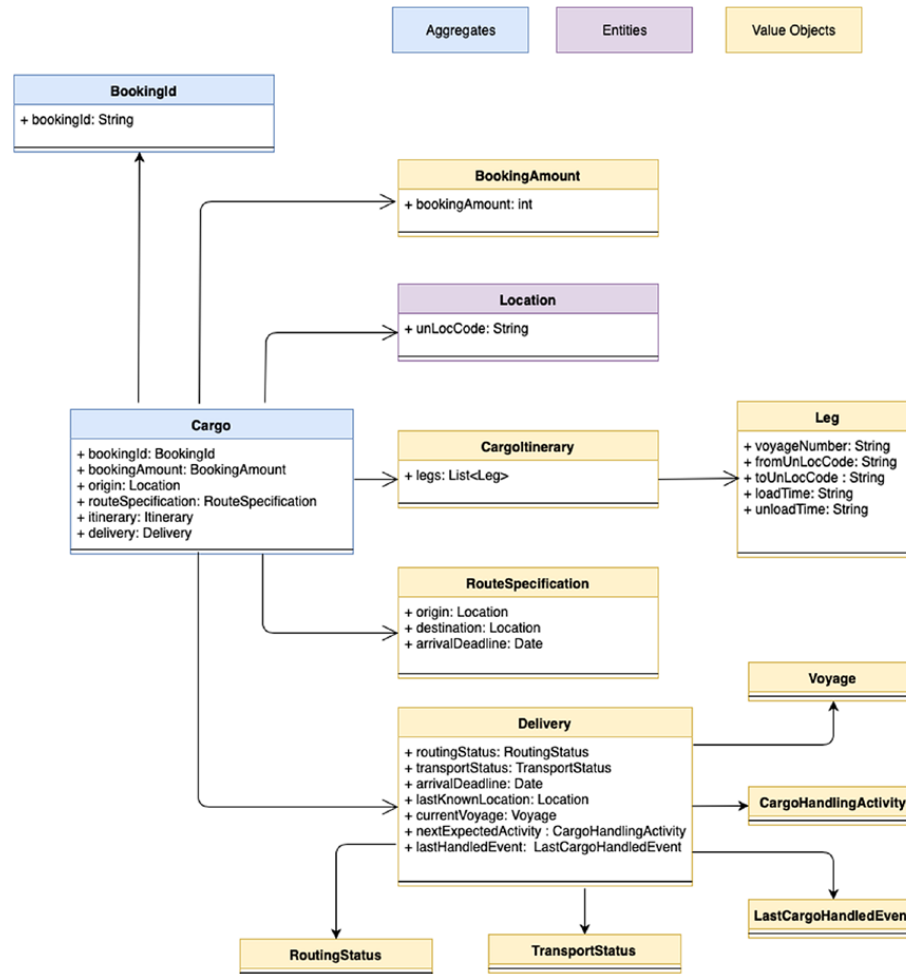


Entities

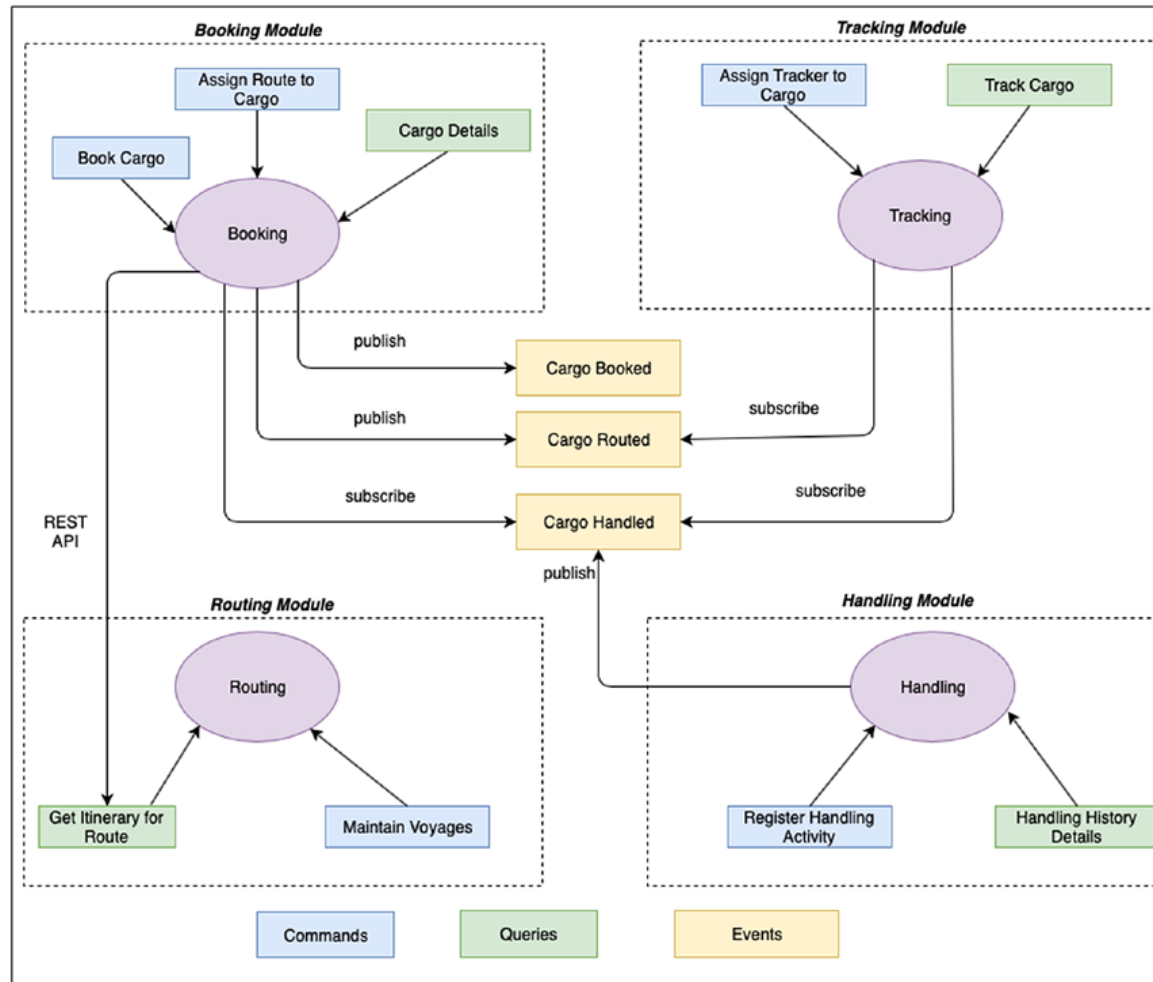


Domain model – Core Domain Model

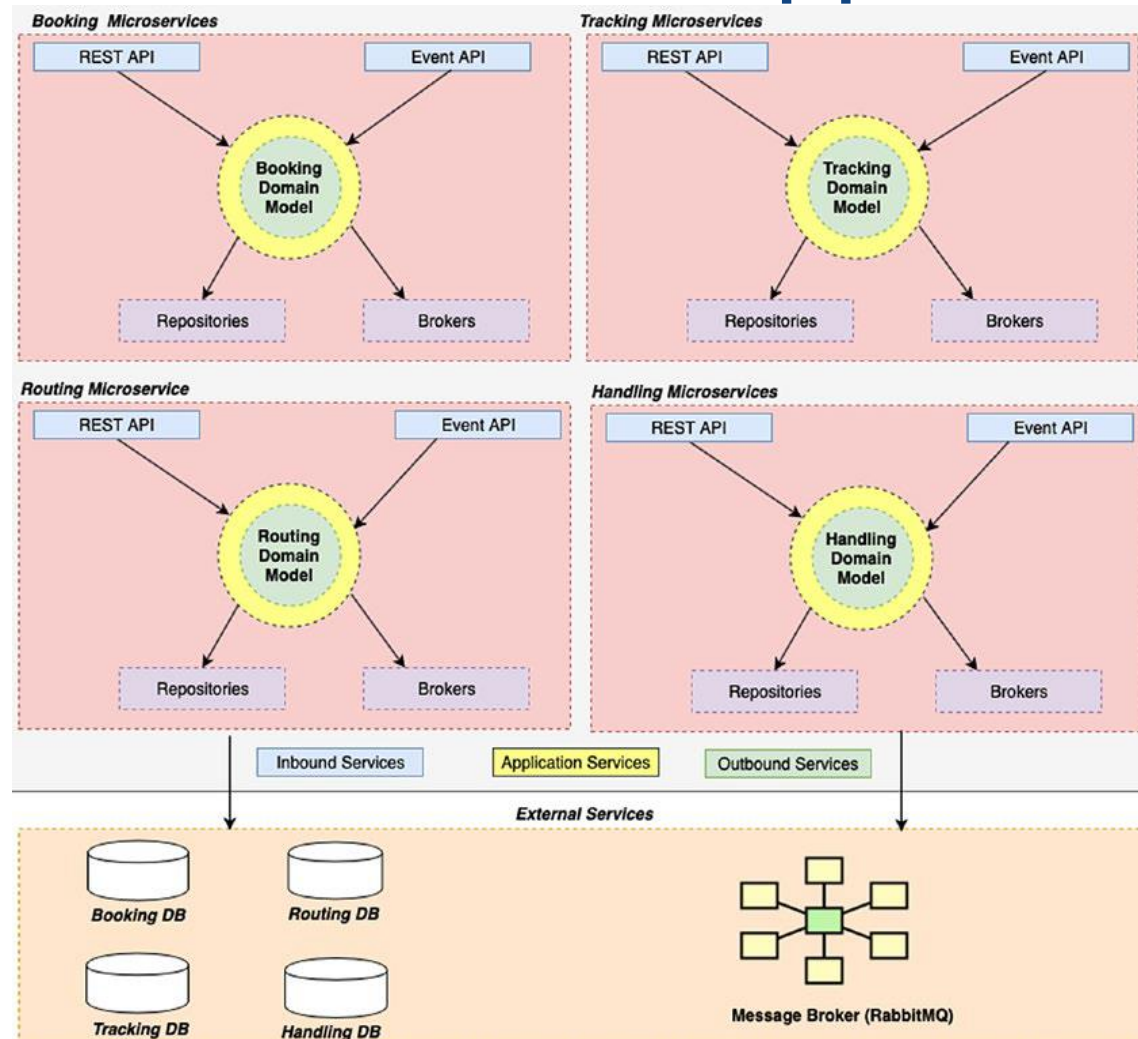
Value objects



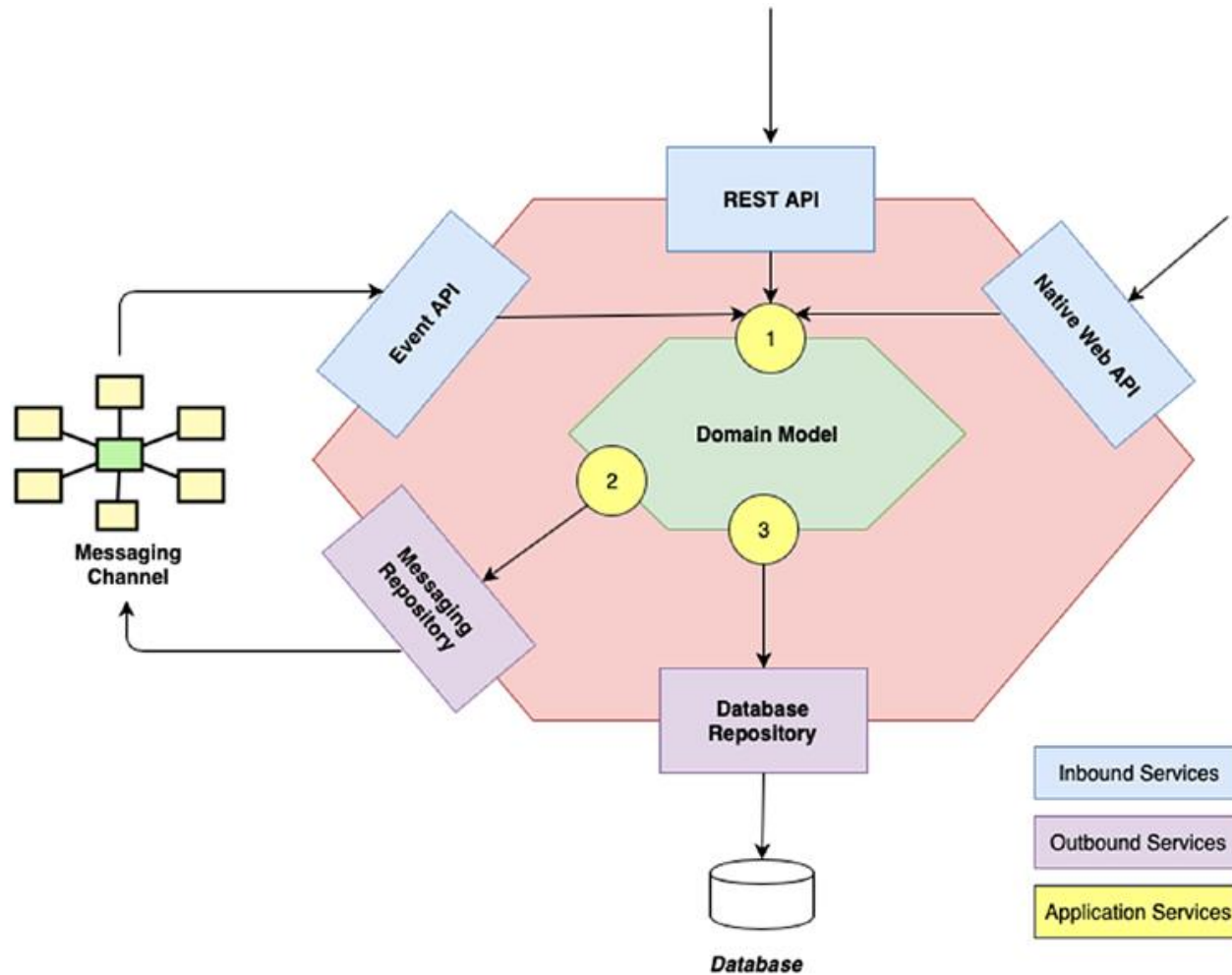
Commands, Queries, Events



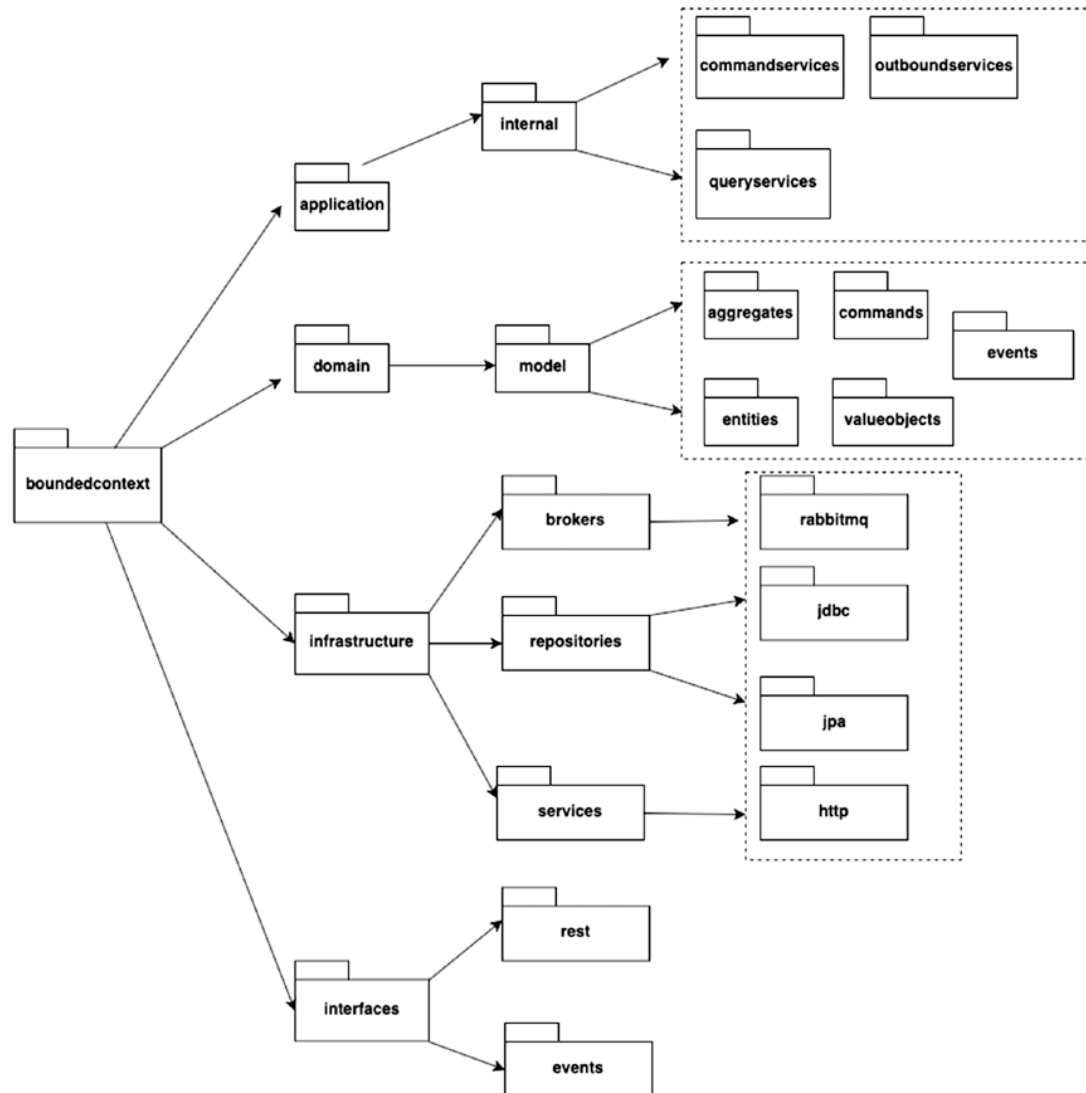
Inbound, Outbound, Application



Hexagonal architecture



Spring implementation 1/3



Spring implementation 2/3

```
@Entity
public class Cargo {
    @Id
    @GeneratedValue(strategy = GenerationType.IDENTITY)
    private Long id;
    @Embedded
    private BookingId bookingId; // Aggregate Identifier
    @Embedded
    private BookingAmount bookingAmount; //Booking Amount
    @Embedded
    private Location origin; //Origin Location of the Cargo
    @Embedded
    private RouteSpecification routeSpecification; //Route Specification of the Cargo
    @Embedded
    private CargoItinerary itinerary; //Itinerary Assigned to the Cargo
    @Embedded
    private Delivery delivery; // Checks the delivery progress of the cargo against the actual Route Specification and Itinerary
}
```

Spring implementation 3/3

```
/**
 * Constructor Command Handler for a new Cargo booking
 */
public Cargo(BookCargoCommand bookCargoCommand){
    this.bookingId = new BookingId(bookCargoCommand.getBookingId());
    this.routeSpecification = new RouteSpecification(
        new Location(bookCargoCommand.getOriginLocation()),
        new Location(bookCargoCommand.getDestLocation()),
        bookCargoCommand.getDestArrivalDeadline()
    );
    this.origin = routeSpecification.getOrigin();
    this.itinerary = CargoItinerary.EMPTY_ITINERARY;
    since the Cargo has not been routed yet
    this.bookingAmount = bookingAmount;
    this.delivery = Delivery.derivedFrom(this.routeSpecification,
        this.itinerary, LastCargoHandledEvent);
}

/**
 * Command Handler for the Route Cargo Command. Sets the state of the
 * Aggregate and registers the
 * Cargo routed event
 * @param routeCargoCommand
 */
public void assignToRoute(RouteCargoCommand routeCargoCommand) {
    this.itinerary = routeCargoCommand.getCargoItinerary();
    // Handling consistency within the Cargo aggregate synchronously
    this.delivery = delivery.updateOnRouting(this.routeSpecification,
        this.itinerary);
}
```

Conclusioni

#SPRING1018



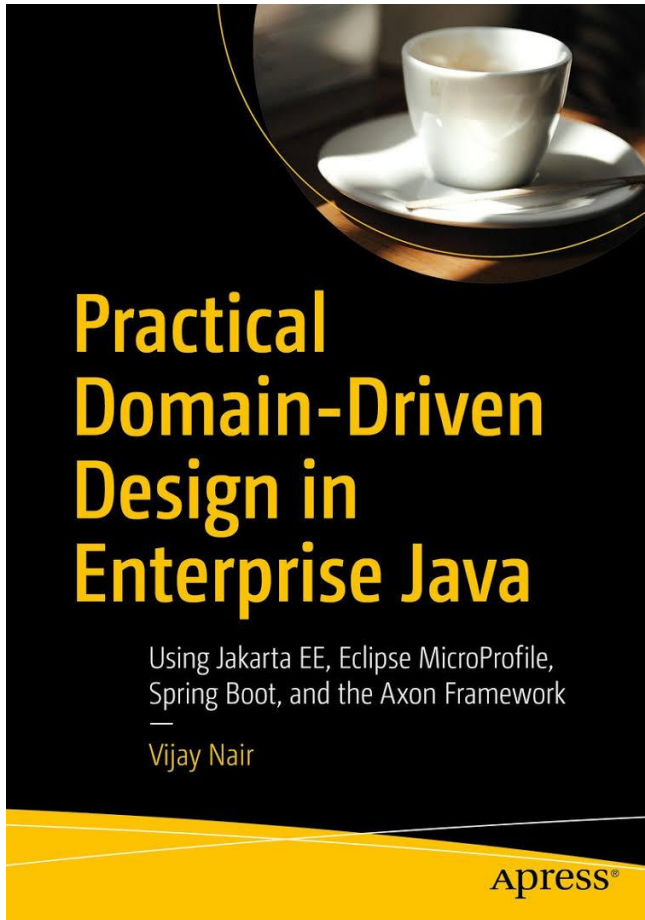
The hexagonal architecture is not your only option and is not suitable for everything

Hexagonal	CRUD	Query Driven
➤ For bounded contexts with a lot of logic and calculations ➤ Complex ➤ Many mappings ➤ Good fit for the DDD internal building blocks	➤ For bounded contexts that just store and read data ➤ Keep it simple ➤ Spring Data Rest may be your friend	➤ For bounded contexts that perform complex queries ➤ Mostly based on a read model ➤ Sometimes the „Q“ in distributed CQRS



<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=a9dF7fnArq0>

Fonte



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<https://github.com/practicalddd>

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Grazie per l'attenzione

Domande?