Refactoring – How to do it quick and easy!

Or maybe how not to do it??

TicTacToe Kata

- How to refactor the TicTacToe Kata
- Guidelines....pffft....Best practice.....pffft....don't need that
- Start from the beginning and let the flow guide you

Logical First Step

- Introduce new Coordinate class
- Slap on some constructors
- Rename x --> Row
- Rename y --> Column

```
public class Tile
    2 references | 0 changes | 0 authors, 0 changes
    public Tile(Coordinate coordinate, char symbol)
         Coordinate = coordinate;
         Symbol = symbol;
    28 references | Parajao, 16 days ago | 1 author, 1 change
    public char Symbol { get; set; }
    1 reference | 0 changes | 0 authors, 0 changes
    public Coordinate Coordinate { get; set; }
3 references | 0 changes | 0 authors, 0 changes
public class Coordinate
    0 references | 0 changes | 0 authors, 0 changes
    public Coordinate(int row, int column)
         Row = row;
         Column = column;
    1 reference | 0 changes | 0 authors, 0 changes
    public int Row { get; set; }
    1 reference | 0 changes | 0 authors, 0 changes
    public int Column { get; set; }
```

Not that bad, I can fix this......

- Only 10 errors
- Just have to change to using the constructor instead.
- And change to tile.Coordinate.Row/Column
- EasyPeasy

```
public Board()
                                 for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++)
                                       for (int j = 0; j < 3; j++)
                                             _plays.Add(new Tile { Row = i, Column = j, Symbol = ' ' });
                            public Tile TileAt(int x, int y)
                                 return plays.Single(tile => tile.Row == x && tile.Column == y);
                            public void AddTileAt(char symbol, int x, int y)
                                 var newTile = new Tile
                                      Column = y,
                                       Symbol = symbol
                                 _plays.Single(tile => tile.Row == x && tile.Column == y).Symbol = symbol;
           ② 10 ▲ 0 ← → | ﴿ ▼
Error List
                        🔯 10 Errors 🛕 0 of 1 Warning 🕦 0 of 9 Messages 🧗 Build + IntelliSense
Entire Solution
               There is no argument given that corresponds to the required formal parameter 'coordinate' of 'Tile.Tile(Coordinate, char)
                         not contain a definition for 'Row' and no accessible extension method 'Row' accepting a first argument of type 'Tile' could be found (are you missing a using directive or an assembly reference?)
                     oes not contain a definition for 'Column' and no accessible extension method 'Column' accepting a first argument of type 'Tile' could be found (are you missing a using directive or an assembly reference?)
                There is no argument given that corresponds to the required formal parameter 'coordinate' of 'Tile.Tile(Coordinate, char)
                'Tile' does not contain a definition for 'Row' and no accessible extension method 'Row' accepting a first argument of type 'Tile' could be found (are you missing a using directive or an assembly reference?)
                'Tile' does not contain a definition for 'Column' and no accessible extension method 'Column' accepting a first argument of type 'Tile' could be found (are you missing a using directive or an assembly reference?)
```

That was easy, next challenge please.

```
public Tile TileAt(int x, int y)
{
    return _plays.Single(tile => tile.Coordinate.Row == x && tile.Coordinate.Column == y);
}

1reference | Parajao, 16 days ago | 1 author, 1 change
public void AddTileAt(char symbol, int x, int y)
{
    var newTile = new Tile(new Coordinate(x, y), symbol);
    _plays.Single(tile => tile.Coordinate.Row == x && tile.Coordinate.Column == y).Symbol = symbol;
}
```

```
26 references | Parajao, 16 days ago | 1 author, 1 change
public Tile TileAt(int x, int y)
{
    return _plays.Single(tile => tile.Coordinate.Row == x && tile.Coordinate.Column == y);
}

1 reference | Parajao, 16 days ago | 1 author, 1 change
public void AddTileAt(char symbol, int x, int y)
{
    var newTile = new Tile(new Coordinate(x, y), symbol);
    TileAt(newTile.Coordinate.Row, newTile.Coordinate.Column).Symbol = symbol;
}
```

- So next one is an obvious duplication
- Easy to fix

Soo what's left?

- Only thing left is to fix up the Winner method
- Just extract a couple of helper methods and put them in the Board class

```
public char Winner()
{    //if the positions in first row are taken

if (_board.IsColumnTaken(0) && _board.HasSameSymbol(0))
    return _board.TileAt(0, 0).Symbol;

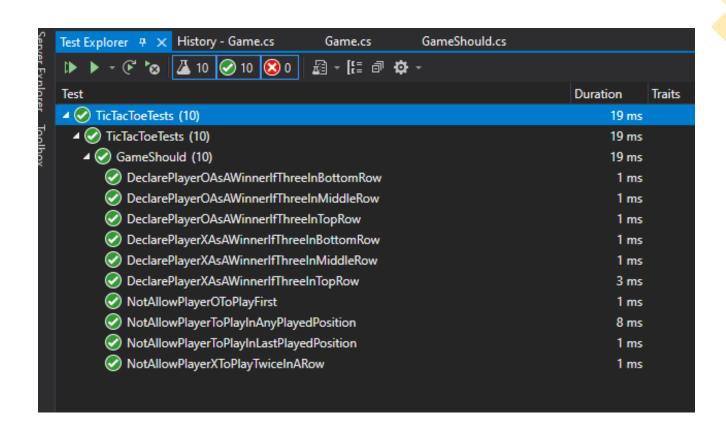
//if the positions in first row are taken
if (_board.IsColumnTaken(1) && _board.HasSameSymbol(1))
    return _board.TileAt(1, 0).Symbol;

//if the positions in first row are taken
if (_board.IsColumnTaken(2) && _board.HasSameSymbol(2))
    return _board.TileAt(2, 0).Symbol;

return ' ';
}
```

Job done

All tests are green



What went wrong?

- Started refactoring right away from the top
- Got distracted by implementation details
- Only saw the obvious code smells, and not even all of them
- Even managed to introduce new ones

The right way

- Go fast by going slow (First step to solve a problem, is to know the problem)
 - Get an overview
 - Add comments where you see code smells, or suspect there may be an issue
- Divide and Conquer (Can you split a big problem into smaller problems?)
 - Reduce complexity
 - Extract methods
- Find a natural home for the code
 - Redistribute the behavior
 - Use feature envy to determine where a block of code belongs
- Make new fancy code
 - When all that is done it's easier to introduce new abstractions

Thank you!

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