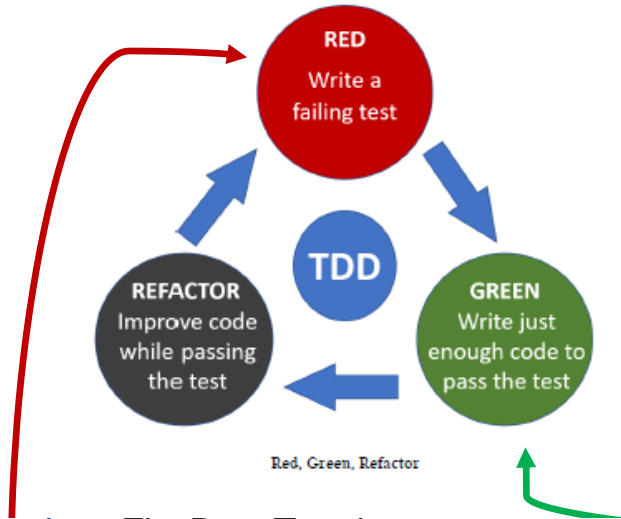


Red – Green – Refactor without a given interface

Luzern, 1. November 2021

ALCOR Academy Training

Motivation – classic TDD cycle with a given interface



```
class FizzBuzzTest {
    @ParameterizedTest
    @CsvSource({
        "1, '1'", "3, 'Fizz'", "5, 'Buzz'", "15, 'FizzBuzz'"
    })
    public void calculateFizzBuzzForGivenNumber(int number,
        String
        expectedResult) {
        FizzBuzz fizzbuzz = new FizzBuzz();
        String actualResult = fizzbuzz.calculate(number);
        assertEquals(expectedResult, actualResult);
    }
}
```

FizzBuzz

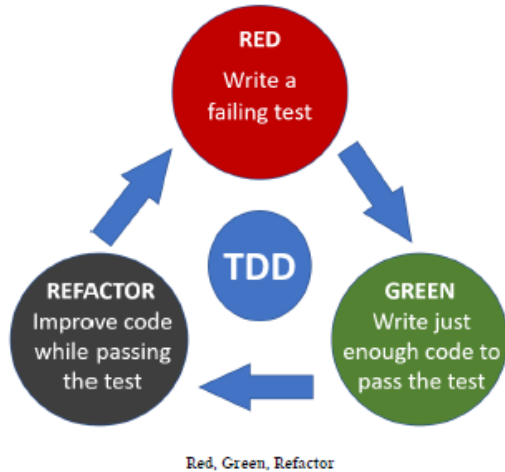
Write a function that **takes numbers** from 1 to 100 and **outputs** them as a **string**.

For **multiples of three** returns **Fizz** instead of the number and for the **multiples of five** returns **Buzz**.

For numbers which are **multiples of both three and five** returns **FizzBuzz**.

```
public class FizzBuzz {
    public String calculate(int number) {
        String result = "";
        public if (isMultipleOf(number, 3)) {
            result = result + "Fizz";
        }
        return if(isMultipleOf(number, 5)) {
            result = result + "Buzz";
        }
        return result.equals("") ? String.valueOf(number) :
        result;
    }
    private boolean isMultipleOf(int dividend, int divisor) {
        return dividend % divisor == 0;
    }
}
```

Motivation – classic TDD cycle without a given interface



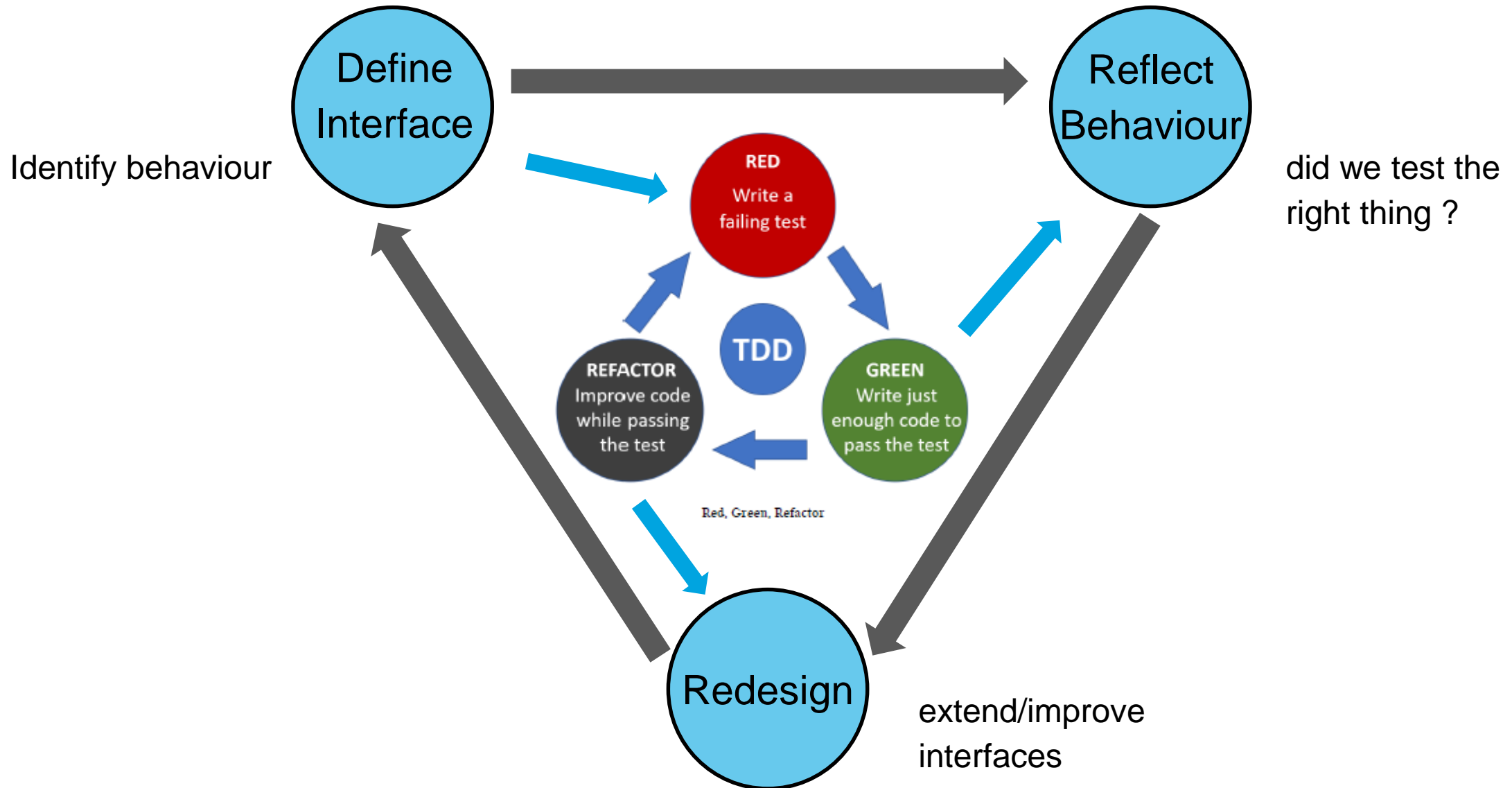
TicTacToe

- *X always goes first.*
- *Players alternate placing X's and O's on the board.*
- *Players cannot play on a played position.*
- *A player with three X's or O's in a row (horizontally, vertically, diagonally) wins.*
- *If all nine squares are filled and neither player achieves three in a row, the game is a draw.*

- Interface is unclear !
- How to start for the first RED test ?
- Which requirement has priority ?
- ...

```
class TicTacToeGameShould {  
    @Test  
    void doSomething() {  
        assertEquals(true, true);  
    }  
}
```

Idea – Extending classic TDD cycle



TicTacToe – first try

Interfaces

Tests

boolean putStone(int coordinate);

puttingAStoneDoesntFinishTheGame
finishTheGameAfterPuttingNineStones
notFinishTheGameAfterPuttingTwoStones

String giveNextPlayer();

makeXtheFirstPlayer
makeOtheSecondPlayer
makeThePlayersAlternate

String getWinner();

makeOWinOnTopRow
makeXWinOnTopRow

- *X always goes first.*
- *Players alternate placing X's and O's on the board.*
- *Players cannot play on a played position.*
- *A player with three X's or O's in a row (horizontally, vertically, diagonally) wins.*
- *If all nine squares are filled and neither player achieves three in a row, the game is a draw.*

Command-Query-
Responsibility-Segregation



behavior ?

relevance

priority



TicTacToe – second try

Interfaces

Player getCurrentPlayer()

void placeStone(Tile tile)


Player getWinner()

Tests

makeXTheFirstPlayer

makeOTheSecondPlayer
makeThePlayersAlternate

makeXWinTheGameWithThreeXInTopRow
makeOWinTheGameWithThreeOInTopRow
makeOWinTheGameWithThreeOInMiddleRow
haveNoWinnerWhenGameInProgress
makeXWinTheGameWithThreeXInBottomRow
makeXWinTheGameWithThreeXInLeftColumn

Command-Query-
Responsibility-Segregation

behavior ?

relevance

priority 

Separation of Concerns Principle

Identifying **orchestrators** and **actuators**

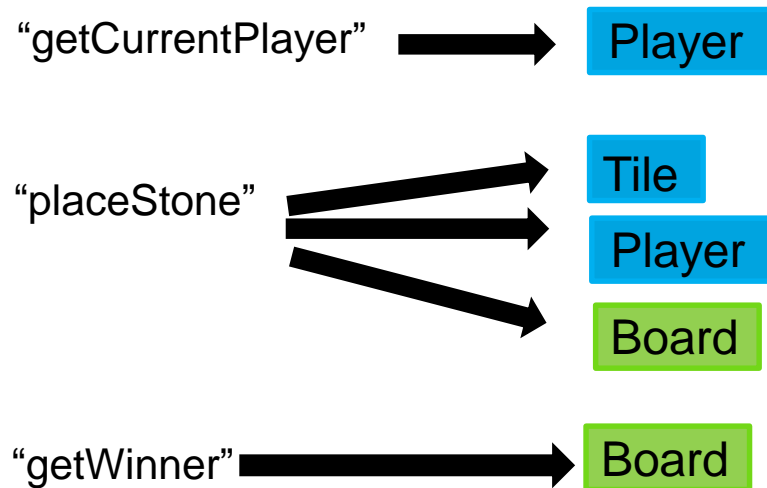
using Object Calisthenics rules like “wrap all primitives and strings in classes”

“wrap collections in classes”

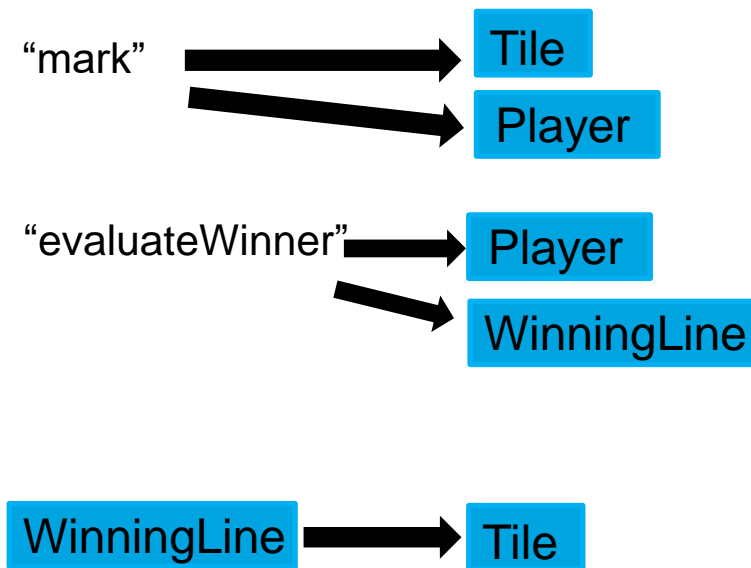
“classes must have state”

“no getter properties” ...

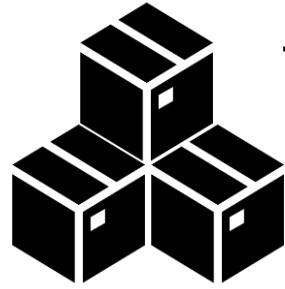
TicTacToeGame



Board



Learning



Test Driven Development

Transformation Priority Premise

Object Calisthenics



Command-Query-
Responsibility-Segregation



Find orchestrators and actuators



Wrap primitive types and collections in classes



Refactor "if condition" to "loop"