

REFACTORING

Definition:


Restructure (code) so as to improve operation, without altering functionality

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Summary of learnings

- Why
 - When
 - How
- 
- Refactor?

«If it ain't broke, don't fix it»

- Is it worth your time?
- proverb of the lazy
 - But... I am lazy?

So, why should we bother?

Stinky code

- Change preventers
- Bloaters
- Object-orientation abusers
- Couplers
- Dispensables

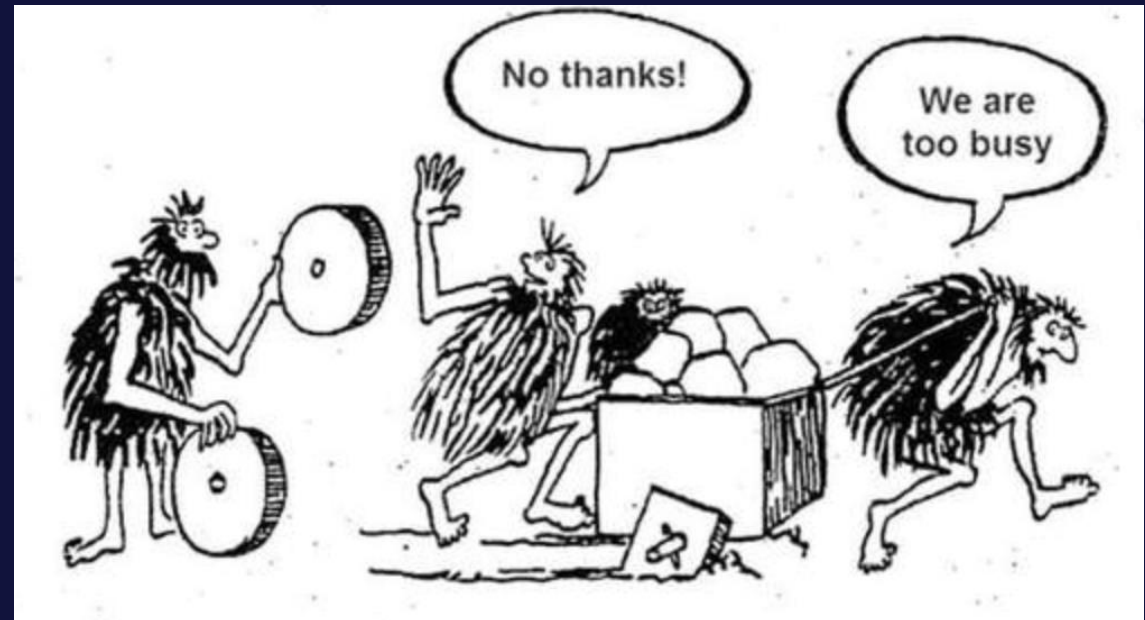
Object calisthenics	→	Code smells
Only one level of indentation per method		Long Method
Don't use the ELSE keyword		Long Method / Duplicated Code
Wrap all primitives and strings		Primitive Obsession
First class collections		Divergent Change / Large Class
One dot per line		Message Chains
Keep all entities small		Large Class / Long Method / Long Parameter List
No classes with more than two instance variables		Large Class
No getters / setters / properties		Feature Envy
All classes must have state, no static methods, no utility classes		Lazy Class / Middle man / Feature envy

Source: page 16 of Lesson 2 – Code smells

So, why should we bother?

Causing

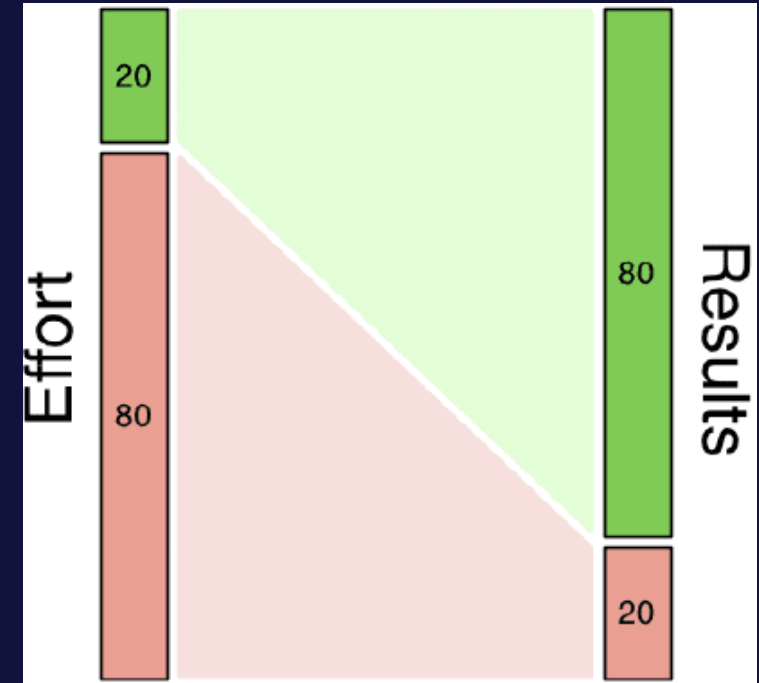
- Rigidity
- Fragility
- Immobility
- Viscosity
 - of design
 - of environment



Source: <http://www.hamiltonclaimssolutions.co.uk/blog/if-it-isnt-broken-dont-fix-it>

So, why should we bother?

- Pareto principle
- Afraid of making changes?
 - Write tests!



Source: page 4 of Lesson 1 – Introduction to refactoring

When is it needed?

- Rule of 3
- Breaking rules of object calisthenics
- Follow the wise words of Marco and Alessandro
 - Refactor aggressively and constantly

Guidelines!

«Refactor not because you know the right abstraction, but because you want to find it.»

- Martin Fowler

- Single responsibility principle
- Open-closed principle
- Liskov substitution principle
- Interface segregation principle
- Dependency inversion principle
- Minimize coupling
- Maximize Cohesion

Guidelines!

«Refactor not because you know the right abstraction, but because you want to find it.»

- Martin Fowler

- Refactor readability before design
 - 80/20
- Parallell change
 - Expand, migrate and contract
- IDE agility
 - Use the tools at your disposal

Rule #1 of refactoring

- Preserve behavior
 - If you find a bug, consider it a feature

Thanks for your attention!



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